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### CURRENT SUPPORT BRIEF

BLOC ASSISTANCE FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT IN UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES

OFFICE OF RESEARCH AND REPORTS

### CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

This report represents the immediate views of the originating intelligence components of the Office of Research and Reports. Comments are solicited.

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### BLOC ASSISTANCE FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT IN UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES

While officials of the Sino-Soviet Bloc continue to emphasize industrialization as the chief means by which underdeveloped countries can eliminate "colonial domination," they also recognize the importance of the agricultural sector in the economic development of these countries. The Soviet attitude toward agricultural development in these areas, for example, was defined in a speech by the chief Soviet delegate at the Afro-Asian Conference in Cairo in December 1957:

> "When speaking about the need for a comprehensive development of the manufacturing industry we by no means consider that the underdeveloped countries should give up or slacken expansion of the mining industry or agriculture. On the contrary. . . agriculture and extracting industry may become the basis for developing many other branches of the economy and a source of Waken from speech, foreign exchange . . " | attacks, est to (speech is that when removed)

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Assistance for agriculture accounts for more than one-quarter of the total obligations under economic credits thus far extended by the Bloc. Bloc financial and technical assistance for agriculture, most of which has been extended by the USSR, totals about \$640 million. Approximately 95 percent of this has been allocated for large multi-purpose projects in which expected benefits to agriculture, both direct and indirect, constitute the primary justification.

Table 1 Agricultural Assistance Obligated Under Bloc Credits (In Millions of U.S. dollars)

Total Obligated for All Economic Projects  Afghanistan Burma	Amount Obligated for Agricultural Projects  47  1 12 17 1 8 30 2 63 20 6 325 104 5 641
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#### Multi-Purpose Projects

Most Bloc aid to agriculture consists of large multi-purpose projects whose chief purpose is to provide irrigation, reclamation, hydroelectric power and flood control facilities and expand the amount of cultivable land available to the recipient country. A minimum of about \$520 million has been obligated for such projects. This total will be much larger when a number of surveys presently underway is completed, and additional funds are obligated for similar projects.

The largest single project in this category is the Aswan High Dam (Sadd-El-Aali Project), for which the USSR extended credit amounting to \$325 million, one half of the total aid for agricultural development. The completion of this project will contribute substantially to the development of agriculture in the Egyptian Region. Cultivable land will increase by 1.3 million acres and 700,000 acres will be converted from basin to perennial irrigation. As a result, the area under cultivation will be increased by 30 percent and national income by an estimated 35 percent. In the Syrian Region, the USSR provided credits totalling \$85 million for a number of projects which will bring under cultivation about 1.6 million acres of land, thereby increasing the area under cultivation by 13 percent.

#### Technical Assistance

Technical assistance, which has become an important feature of Bloc economic aid to the underdeveloped countries, frequently includes surveys of agricultural requirements, soil research, the establishment of state farms, the development of new crops, and the provision of technical training. About \$73 million has been obligated by the Bloc specifically for technical assistance to agriculture, with the USSR and Communist China accounting for about 90 percent of this sum.

It is estimated that, during the last six months of 1960, 865 Bloc technicians were working on agricultural development projects in underdeveloped countries. The number so engaged represented about 15 percent of all Bloc economic technicians in these countries. Approximately 85 percent of all Bloc technicians employed on projects related to agricultural development during the last half of 1960 were employed in the UAR and Afghanistan. In the case of the UAR, more than half of all Bloc economic technicians present were so assigned.

### Miscellaneous Projects

Approximately \$60 million has been obligated for projects designed to contribute immediately to the development of agriculture. Almost all of these projects involve the construction of grain storage facilities, fertilizer plants, and agricultural equipment plants.

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2/ WAR, Department of Information, Sald El-Aali Project, Dec 58, W. 21 Egyptian Gazette, Glan60, W. 41 State, Damascus, Dop 73, 17 Sep 58, W.

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### Table 2

### Bloc Assistance for Multi-Purpose Projects (In millions of U.S. dollars)

Recipient and Bloc Countries	Value of	
modification and bloc countries	Agreement	Project
Afghanistan-USSR	22.4	Jalalabad Dam
	FBIS, ME	Facilities to irrigate
	8 WE, # 14, 21 Jan60	77,000 acres and install
•	1/2/2000	11,000 kw capacity.
	20.0	Naghlu Hydroelectric Sta-
	N.Y. Times	tion
	15 Feb 60,	Regulate flow to Jala-
		labad Dam and provide 60,-
State, Kolul Dag 695 58 10 Shirth V	- * 6 /	000 kw capacity.
Day 695 Cx	13.0	Pul-i-Khumri II Hydro-
10 Sunt 3 7	D Jens	electric Project
5/10,000	γ-	Installation of 9,000
• 1		kw capacity.
Cambodia-Communist China State, Sino-Some	8.1 Periore	General development re-
State, Sino-Some	A Blue 2	lated to agriculture.
	) ***	rated to agriculture.
USSR State, PP, 17759, 2100060, U.	N.A.	Surveys of two multi-
27 عد 60, الله	-,	purpose projects.
	_	parpose projects.
Ceylon-USSR	N.A.	Kelani Ganga Basin
		Irrigation and hydro-
state, Colombo, Rop 938, 26 ma		electric facilities.
state, colombo, Rap 938, 26 ma	0.2	Malawatu Oya Irrigation
	(Eat.	Dam Dam
		Design of project.
- 1 1		pesign of project.
Ghana-USSR State, acca, D 335, 14Nov60, C	N.A.	Bui Hydroelectric Station
D 325, 14Norto C		Estimated total cost of
<b>2</b> - )		project is \$71.4 million.
A		Project 15 ψ(1.4 miliion,
Guinea-USSR State, Conadous, IT360, 30 fan6	N.A.	Konkourė River Develop-
IT360 2-60 /		ment Develop-
- 1 200, 50 fance	H, C.	Complex includes irri-
-		gation, reclamation, and
	•	hydroelectric power.
		-,
Indonesia-USSR	50.0 /	Asahan Complex
State, Rjahanta,		Dam, hydroelectric and
State, Djahanta, D 503, Sfanbl,	.c -	irrigation facilities.
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Table 2 (Continued)

### Bloc Assistance for Multi-Purpose Projects (In millions of U.S. dollars)

Recipient and Bloc Countries	Value of Agreement	Project
Iraq-USSR  Milble Sact Economic Rigest  VolIV, No. 19, 20 may 60; U;  VolIV, No. 6, 12 Feb 60, U.	0.5 (Cost of surveys for location of 2 dams)	Development of Tigris and Euphrates River Basins Development of irrigation and hydroelectric facilities. Drainage system system presently being designed with a 310 mile canal to remove salinated water and improve soil of 7.4 million acres.
Poland MEED, 15 July 60, U.	0.8	Land Reclamation Scheme To reclaim about 700,000 acres.
Tunisia-USSR State, Tunio, IT 900, 31 Jan 61, C.	6.0 ✓	Construction of dams at Kessab, Sadjane, and Djoumine.
UAR - Egypt-USSR Various source U.	325,0 ✓	Aswan High Dam Increase cultivable land by 1.3 million acres; conversion of 700,000 acres from Basin to per- ennial irrigation; hydro- electric power capacity of 2.1 million kw.
UAR - Syria-USSR  State, Damascus,  Dag 73, 17Sep 58, N.  TOTAL	14.5 🗸	Euphrates River Project Irrigation facilities for 1.5 million acres; construction of hydro- electric power facili- ties with 100,000 kw, eventually to be increased to 550,000 kw. Orontes, E1-Kebin, Barada, Khabur, and Yarmuk Projects Irrigation facilities for about 105,000 acres; construction of hydro- electric power facilities with 287,000 kw capacity.

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Table 3

### Bloc Technical Assistance for the Development of Agriculture (In millions of U.S. dollars)

Value of Recipient and Bloc Countries Agreement Project. 0.6 Burma-USSR Between 1956 and 1960, several teams of specialists surveyed Burmese agricultural requirements and provided assistance for classification of soil, establishment of agricultural engineering and agro-25X1A nomy projects, determination of irrigation projects and establishment of a machine tractor station and a state cotton farm. 2.4 Cambodia-Communist China Studies of soil erosion; cultivation of new crops; 5+ale, PP, D 44, 16 aug 60, N. establishment of an experimental farm, a forestry station, and three livestock breeding centers. Reorganization of producer cooperatives; im-State, PP, IT 759, 27Dec 60, U provement of rice cultivation; and introduction of new crops such as grapes and tea. Ceylon-USSR This, Colomba, Development of sugar cane and cotton acreage. 26 may 60, C Ethiopia-Czechoslovakia **#1.0** Establish one cotton and one sugar state farm. Ghana-USSR Establishment of two state rice farms, one cotton farm, and one maize farm, each consisting of 5,928 acres; survey of water resources; technical train-

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ing for state farms.

Water by

Table 3 (Continued)

### Bloc Technical Assistance for the Development of Agriculture (In millions of U.S. dollars)

Recipient and Bloc Countries	Value of	
- Countries	Agreement	Project
Ghana-East Germany, Poland and USSR State, Accept 222, 3 act 6 Guinea-Communist China		Development of agricul- tural producer cooperatives.  Machinery, equipment and
State, Hong Kong Dep 205 16 Sep 60,	000	technical services for general agricultural development; establishment of a rice farm.
FBIS, NEE #42, 2 man	60, 000	Development of a 17,000 acre rice farm and several dairy farms.
India-USSR Christian Science Moni	1.8 ×	Suratgahr 30,000 acre experimental farm.
Indonesia-Czechoslovakia State, Djokovic, D 503, 58 C	7.3	Development of irrigation facilities in Brantas River area. Establishment of two mechanized rice farms.
USSR FBIS, FE #30, 14Febbls, OUO	6.5 N.A.	Two state rice farms totalling 24,700 acres. Survey of agricultural cooperative system in Indonesia.
Iran-USSR FBIS	N.A.	Assistance to eliminate locust problem.
Middle East Business Digest Vol II, No. 65 16 Dec 60.	4.5	Experimental state farms for sugar beets, cotton, rice, grain, and medicinal herbs encompassing 50,635 acres.  Machine tractor stations
MEBD, Volty, No.5, 5 Feb.60		at Kirkuk, Mosul and Kut.

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Table 3 (Continued)

### Bloc Technical Assistance for the Development of Agriculture (In millions of U.S. dollars)

Recipient and Bloc Countries	Value of Agreement	Project
Morocco-Communist China State, Robert, Day 291, 14 Jan 60,000.	N.A.	Study to determine feasi- bility of growing tea in Meknes area.
Yemen-USSR State, Cairo, IT 1887 19 Pac 59, LOU	5.0 /	Survey of Yemen's agricultural development needs and equipment for certain projects; study of plant and pest control.
UAR - Egypt-USSR  Mille East Economiet & Fina  Vol XIII, No. 2, Feb 59  The Mille East Econo  No. 10-59, Oct 59  UAR - Syria-USSR BIS, MESWE #127, 30  State, alageo, 3  12  State, Damaceue  Dap 73  17 Sep 58, W	N.A.  M.A.  M.A.  N.A.  N.A.  Dep III  Jon 61,000  (2.5)	Establishment of six stations to service agricultural equipment. Survey of underground water resources.  Study of cotton pest problem. Survey of problems related to irrigation, cotton production and development of forest resources. Survey of underground water resources; construction of grain storage facilities. Establishment of an agricultural research laboratory.
TOTA	AL 73.1	

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#### Table 4

# Miscellaneous Agricultural Development Projects (In Millions of U.S. dollars)

Recipient and	Bloc Countrie	Value of Agreement	
Afghanistan-US		Ear * 0.2	Project Grain gills D. T.
Cambodia-Commun	nist China	(Ext. 0.1)	Grain silo, Pul-i-Khumri  5 tote, Sino-Somet Eco Opensiue. U.  Small farm implements
Czecho	oslovakia	(Ext. 1.0)	Tractor assembly plant.
Ceylon-Communis	t China	15.8	annually. State, PP, Rop 208  Rubber rehabilitation
	State Acar	4,23 mc 60, C	Survey for tractor assembly plant.
Indonesia-USSR	State, Djab 0 503,	spaniel 8.0	Fertilizer plant; annual capacity of 100,000 tons.
Iran-USSR		(Est. 0.2)	Grain silo at Shiraz.
Iraq-USSR	-1	(Eat 0.5)/	Agricultural machinery
	State, Bo	2000 D 692, 2500	of 17,000 tons. Fertilizer plant; annual production of 60,000
	EDWG # 32,	000	tons of ammonia. Two grain elevators; capacity of 12,000 tons each.
UAR – Syria-Bulg USSR	D 205,	15.1 270c456,71. 15.1 Cus, , 250c460, C.	Grain elevator, Latakia; 30,000 tons capacity. Fertilizer plant; annual capacity of 55,000 metric tons by 1963, eventually to be expanded to 110,000 metric tons.
	7	TOTAL 55.9	

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Analyst:
Sources:

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The information contained in this Brief was derived from a variety of sources. These sources are available in the Trade and Finance Branch, Soviet Penetration Section, of the Economic Research Area, ORR.

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